Recommended Child and Adolescent Immunization Schedule for ages 18 years or younger

UNITED STATES

Vaccines and Other Immunizing Agents in the Child and Adolescent Immunization Schedule*

Monoclonal antibody		Trade name(s)
Respiratory syncytial virus monoclonal antibody (Nirsevimab)	RSV-mAb	Beyfortus
Vaccine	Abbreviation(s)	Trade name(s)
COVID-19 vaccine	1vCOV-mRNA	Comirnaty/Pfizer-BioNTect COVID-19 Vaccine Spikevax/Moderna
		COVID-19 Vaccine
	1vCOV-aPS	Novavax COVID-19 Vaccin
Dengue vaccine	DEN4CYD	Dengvaxia
Diphtheria, tetanus, and acellular pertussis vaccine	DTaP	Daptacel
Haemophilus influenzae type b vaccine	Hib (PRP-T)	ActHIB Hiberix
	Hib (PRP-OMP)	PedvaxHIB
Hepatitis A vaccine	НерА	Havrix Vaqta
Hepatitis B vaccine	НерВ	Engerix-B Recombivax HB
Human papillomavirus vaccine	HPV	Gardasil 9
Influenza vaccine (inactivated: egg-based)	IIV3	Multiple
Influenza vaccine (inactivated: cell-culture)	ccIIV3	Flucelvax
Influenza vaccine (live, attenuated)	LAIV3	FluMist
Measles, mumps, and rubella vaccine	MMR	M-M-R II Priorix
Meningococcal serogroups A, C, W, Y vaccine	MenACWY-CRM	Menveo
	MenACWY-TT	MenQuadfi
Meningococcal serogroup B vaccine	MenB-4C	Bexsero
	MenB-FHbp	Trumenba
Meningococcal serogroup A, B, C, W, Y vaccine	MenACWY-TT/ MenB-FHbp	Penbraya
Mpox vaccine	Мрох	Jynneos
Pneumococcal conjugate vaccine	PCV15 PCV20	Vaxneuvance Prevnar 20
Pneumococcal polysaccharide vaccine	PPSV23	Pneumovax 23
Poliovirus vaccine (inactivated)	IPV	Ipol
Respiratory syncytial virus vaccine	RSV	Abrysvo
Rotavirus vaccine	RV1	Rotarix
	RV5	RotaTeq
Tetanus, diphtheria, and acellular pertussis vaccine	Tdap	Adacel Boostrix
Tetanus and diphtheria vaccine	Td	Tenivac Tdvax
Varicella vaccine	VAR	Varivax
Combination vaccines (use combination vaccines instead of separate in	njections when appropi	riate)
DTaP, hepatitis B, and inactivated poliovirus vaccine	DTaP-HepB-IPV	Pediarix
DTaP, inactivated poliovirus, and Haemophilus influenzae type b vaccir		Pentacel
DTaP and inactivated poliovirus vaccine	DTaP-IPV	Kinrix
		Quadracel
DTaP, inactivated poliovirus, <i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> type b, and hepatitis B vaccine	DTaP-IPV-Hib- HepB	Vaxelis
Measles, mumps, rubella, and varicella vaccine	MMRV	ProQuad

*Administer recommended vaccines if immunization history is incomplete or unknown. Do not restart or add doses to vaccine series for extended intervals between doses. When a vaccine is not administered at the recommended age, administer at a subsequent visit. The use of trade names is for identification purposes only and does not imply endorsement by the ACIP or CDC.

How to use the child and adolescent immunization schedule												
1	2	3	4	5	6							
Determine recommended vaccine by age (Table 1)	Determine recommended interval for catch- up vaccination (Table 2)	Assess need for additional recommended vaccines by medical condition or other indication (Table 3)	Review vaccine types, frequencies, intervals, and considerations for special situations (Notes)	Review contraindications and precautions for vaccine types (Appendix)	Review new or updated ACIP guidance (Addendum)							

Recommended by the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (www.cdc.gov/acip/index. html) and approved by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (www.cdc.gov), American Academy of Pediatrics (www.aap.org), American Academy of Family Physicians (www.aafp.org), American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists (www.acog.org), American College of Nurse-Midwives (www.midwife.org), American Academy of Physician Associates (www.aapa.org), and National Association of Pediatric Nurse Practitioners (www.napnap.org).

Report

- Suspected cases of reportable vaccine-preventable diseases or outbreaks to your state or local health department
- Clinically significant adverse events to the Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System (VAERS) at www.vaers.hhs.gov or 800-822-7967

Questions or comments

Contact www.cdc.gov/cdc-info or 800-CDC-INFO (800-232-4636), in English or Spanish, 8 a.m.–8 p.m. ET, Monday through Friday, excluding holidays.

CDC

Download the CDC Vaccine Schedules app for providers at www.cdc.gov/vaccines/hcp/imz-schedules/app.html

Helpful information

- Complete Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) recommendations: www.cdc.gov/acip-recs/hcp/vaccine-specific/index.html
- ACIP Shared Clinical Decision-Making Recommendations: www.cdc.gov/acip/vaccine-recommendations/shared-clinical-decision-making.html
- General Best Practice Guidelines for Immunization (including contraindications and precautions): www.cdc.gov/vaccines/hcp/acip-recs/general-recs/index.html
- Vaccine information statements: www.cdc.gov/vaccines/hcp/vis/index.html
- Manual for the Surveillance of Vaccine-Preventable Diseases (including case identification and outbreak response): www.cdc.gov/surv-manual/php/



Scan QR code for access to online schedule



Table 1 Recommended Child and Adolescent Immunization Schedule for Ages 18 Years or Younger, United States, 2025

These recommendations must be read with the notes that follow. For those who fall behind or start late, provide catch-up vaccination at the earliest opportunity as indicated by the green bars. To determine minimum intervals between doses, see the catch-up schedule (Table 2).

Vaccine and other immunizing agents	Birth	1 mo	2 mos	4 mos	6 mos	9 mos	12 mos	15 mos	18 mos	19–23 mos	2–3 yrs	4–6 yrs	7–10 yrs	11–12 yrs	13–15 yrs	16 yrs	17–18 yrs		
Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV-mAb [Nirsevimab])	1 dose depending on maternal RSV vaccination status (See Notes) 1 dose (8 through 19 months), See Notes																		
Hepatitis B (HepB)	1st dose	⊲ 2nd	dose>	ie> 3rd dose															
Rotavirus (RV): RV1 (2-dose series), RV5 (3-dose series)			1st dose	ose 2nd dose See Notes															
Diphtheria, tetanus, acellular pertussis (DTaP <7 yrs)			1st dose	2nd dose	3rd dose			⊲ 4th o	doseÞ	se> 5th dose									
Haemophilus influenzae type b (Hib)			1st dose	2nd dose	See Notes		<u> ³rd or 4</u> (See)	th dose Notes)											
Pneumococcal conjugate (PCV15, PCV20)			1st dose	2nd dose	3rd dose		⊲ 4th	doseÞ											
Inactivated poliovirus (IPV)			1st dose	2nd dose	∢		3rd dose -		>			4th dose		See Notes					
COVID-19 (1vCOV-mRNA, 1vCOV-aPS)									1 or mo	ore doses of 2	2024–2025 v	vaccine (See	Notes)						
Influenza (IIV3, ccIIV3)		1 or 2 doses annually										1 dose annually							
Influenza (LAIV3)											or 2 doses annually	(or	1 dose annually						
Measles, mumps, rubella (MMR)					See I	See Notes 4 1st dose> 2nd do				2nd dose									
Varicella (VAR)						A 1st dose> 2nd dose													
Hepatitis A (HepA)					See I	Notes	2	2-dose serie	s (See Note	s)									
Tetanus, diphtheria, acellular pertussis (Tdap ≥7 yrs)														1 dose					
Human papillomavirus (HPV)													523	See Notes					
Meningococcal (MenACWY-CRM ≥2 mos, MenACWY-TT ≥2years)								See Notes						1st dose		2nd dose			
Meningococcal B (MenB-4C, MenB-FHbp)		See Notes																	
Respiratory syncytial virus vaccine (RSV [Abrysvo])	Seasonal administration during pregnancy (See Notes)																		
Dengue (DEN4CYD: 9-16 yrs)	Seropositive in endemic dengue areas (See Notes)																		
Мрох																			
	Range of recommended ages for catch-up vaccination of populations Range of recommended ages for certain high-risk groups or populations Recommended vaccination can begin in this age group Begin in this age group Page 2																		

Table 2Recommended Catch-up Immunization Schedule for Children and Adolescents Who Start Late or Who Are More
than 1 Month Behind, United States, 2025

The table below provides catch-up schedules and minimum intervals between doses for children whose vaccinations have been delayed. A vaccine series does not need to be restarted, regardless of the time that has elapsed between doses. Use the section appropriate for the child's age. Always use this table in conjunction with Table 1 and the Notes that follow.

Children age 4 months through 6 years												
Vaccine	Minimum Age for	Minimum Interval Between Doses										
	Dose 1	Dose 1 to Dose 2	Dose 2 to Dose 3	Dose 3 to Dose 4	Dose 4 to Dose 5							
Hepatitis B	Birth	4 weeks	8 weeks and at least 16 weeks after first dose minimum age for the final dose is 24 weeks									
Rotavirus	6 weeks Maximum age for first dose is 14 weeks, 6 days.	4 weeks	4 weeks maximum age for final dose is 8 months, 0 days									
Diphtheria, tetanus, and acellular pertussis	6 weeks	4 weeks	4 weeks	6 months	6 months A fifth dose is not necessa if the fourth dose was administered at age 4 year older and at least 6 month after dose 3							
Haemophilus influenzae type b	6 weeks	No further doses needed if first dose was administered at age 15 months or older. 4 weeks if first dose was administered before the 1st birthday. 8 weeks (as final dose) if first dose was administered at age 12 through 14 months.	No further doses needed if previous dose was administered at age 15 months or older 4 weeks if current age is younger than 12 months <i>and</i> first dose was administered at younger than age 7 months <i>and</i> at least 1 previous dose was PRP-T (ActHib, Pentacel, Hiberix), Vaxelis or unknown 8 weeks <i>and</i> age 12 through 59 months (as final dose) if current age is younger than 12 months <i>and</i> first dose was administered at age 7 through 11 months; OR if current age is 12 through 59 months <i>and</i> first dose was administered before the 1st birthday <i>and</i> second dose was administered at younger than 15 months; OR if both doses were PedvaxHIB and were administered before the 1st birthday	8 weeks (as final dose) This dose only necessary for children age 12 through 59 months who received 3 doses before the 1st birthday.								
Pneumococcal conjugate	6 weeks	No further doses needed for healthy children if first dose was administered at age 24 months or older 4 weeks if first dose was administered before the 1st birthday 8 weeks (as final dose for healthy children) if first dose was administered at the 1st birthday or after	No further doses needed for healthy children if previous dose was administered at age 24 months or older 4 weeks if current age is younger than 12 months <i>and</i> previous dose was administered at <7 months old 8 weeks (as final dose for healthy children) if previous dose was administered between 7–11 months (wait until at least 12 months old); OR if current age is 12 months or older <i>and</i> at least 1 dose was administered before age 12 months	8 weeks (as final dose) This dose is only necessary for children age 12 through 59 months regardless of risk, or age 60 through 71 months with any risk, who received 3 doses before age 12 months.								
Inactivated poliovirus	6 weeks	4 weeks	4 weeks if current age is <4 years 6 months (as final dose) if current age is 4 years or older	6 months (minimum age 4 years for final dose)								
Measles, mumps, rubella	12 months	4 weeks										
/aricella	12 months	3 months										
lepatitis A	12 months	6 months										
Meningococcal ACWY	2 months MenACWY-CRM 2 years MenACWY-TT	8 weeks	See Notes	See Notes								
			Children and adolescents age 7 through 18 years									
Aeningococcal ACWY	Not applicable (N/A)	8 weeks										
Tetanus, diphtheria; tetanus, diphtheria, and acellular pertussis	7 years	4 weeks	4 weeks if first dose of DTaP/DT was administered before the 1st birthday 6 months (as final dose) if first dose of DTaP/DT or Tdap/Td was administered at or after the 1st birthday	6 months if first dose of DTaP/DT was administered before the 1st birthday								
Human papillomavirus	9 years	Routine dosing intervals are recommended.										
lepatitis A	N/A	6 months										
lepatitis B	N/A	4 weeks	8 weeks and at least 16 weeks after first dose									
nactivated poliovirus	N/A	4 weeks	6 months A fourth dose is not necessary if the third dose was administered at age 4 years or older and at least 6 months after the previous dose.	A fourth dose of IPV is indicated if all previous doses were administered at <4 years OR if the third dose was administered <6 months after the second dose.								
Aeasles, mumps, rubella	N/A	4 weeks										
/aricella	N/A	3 months if younger than age 13 years. 4 weeks if age 13 years or older										
			6 months									

Table 3 Recommended Child and Adolescent Immunization Schedule by Medical Indication, United States, 2025

Always use this table in conjunction with Table 1 and the Notes that follow. Medical conditions are often not mutually exclusive. If multiple conditions are present, refer to guidance in all relevant columns. See Notes for medical conditions not listed.

Vaccine and other	Pregnancy	Immunocompromised (excluding HIV Pregnancy infection)	HIV infection CD4 percentage and count ^a		CSF leak or	Asplenia or persistent complement		Kidney failure,		
immunizing agents			<15% or <200mm ³	≥15% and ≥200mm³	cochlear implant	component deficiencies	Heart disease or chronic lung disease	End-stage renal disease or on dialysis	Chronic liver disease	Diabetes
RSV-mAb (nirsevimab)		2nd RSV season		lose depending on r vaccination status (S	e depending on mat cination status (See					
Hepatitis B										
Rotavirus		SCID⁵								
DTaP/Tdap	DTaP Tdap: 1 dose each pregnancy									
Hib		HSCT: 3 doses	See	e Notes		See Notes				
Pneumococcal										
IPV										
COVID-19		See Notes								
Influenza inactivated		Solid organ transplant: 18yrs (See Notes)								
LAIV3							Asthma, wheezing: 2–4 years ^c			
MMR	*									
VAR	*									
Hepatitis A										
HPV	*	3-dose series	(See Notes)							
MenACWY										
MenB										
RSV (Abrysvo)	Seasonal administration (See Notes)									
Dengue										
Мрох	See Notes									
Recommende eligible childr documentatio vaccination se	en who lack bu on of a complete ch	ot recommended for all children It recommended for some ildren based on increased risk fo severe outcomes from disease		children, a necessary l	nded for all age-eligib nd additional doses n based on medical cor dications. See Notes.	nay be	Precaution: Might be indicated if benefit of protection outweighs risk of adverse reaction	Contraindicated recommended *Vaccinate after p if indicated		No Guidance/ Not Applicable

a. For additional information regarding HIV laboratory parameters and use of live vaccines, see the General Best Practice Guidelines for Immunization, "Altered Immunocompetence," at www.cdc.gov/vaccines/hcp/acip-recs/general-recs/immunocompetence.html and Table 4-1 (footnote J) at www.cdc.gov/vaccines/hcp/acip-recs/general-recs/contraindications.html.

b. Severe Combined Immunodeficiency

c. LAIV3 contraindicated for children 2-4 years of age with asthma or wheezing during the preceding 12 months