

IMPROVING YOUR HEALTH AND EXPANDING YOUR OPPORTUNITIES

ARHOME Health and Economic Outcomes Accountability Oversight Advisory Panel

Quarterly Report

December 12, 2024



Report Requirements

In approving Act 530 of 2021, the Arkansas General Assembly created the Arkansas Health and Opportunity For Me program (ARHOME) and the Health and Economic Outcomes Accountability Oversight Advisory Panel. The Act requires quarterly reporting to the Advisory Panel on the program's progress toward meeting economic independence outcomes and health improvement outcomes. A.C.A. § 23-61-1011 (see Appendix) requires the reports to include information on the following:

- Eligibility and enrollment;
- Health insurer participation and competition;
- Premium and cost-sharing reduction costs;
- Utilization;
- Individual qualified health insurance plan health improvement outcomes;
- Economic independence initiative outcomes;
- Any sanctions or penalties assessed on participating individual qualified health insurance plans; and
- Community bridge organization (i.e., Life360 HOME) program outcomes.

ARHOME Overview

ARHOME is Arkansas's Medicaid expansion program created by the federal Affordable Care Act (ACA). It serves adults ages 19 and 64 with income below 138% of the federal poverty level. The program operates as a demonstration project (waiver) approved under the authority of Section 1115 of the Social Security Act. The waiver allows the state to use Medicaid funding to purchase coverage through private Qualified Health Plans (QHPs) for eligible individuals. The federal government pays 90% of the cost of the program, and the state pays the remaining 10%. The ARHOME program was previously known as Arkansas Works, but Act 530 of 2021 changed the program to ARHOME, effective January 1, 2022. The federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) approved the new five-year waiver (January 1, 2022, through December 31, 2026) on December 21, 2021.

CMS approved an amendment to the ARHOME waiver on November 1, 2022. The amendment creates the Life360 HOME program, allowing DHS to contract with hospitals to provide additional support and intensive care coordination for ARHOME's most at-risk beneficiaries. (More information about the Life360 HOME program is available beginning on page 25.)

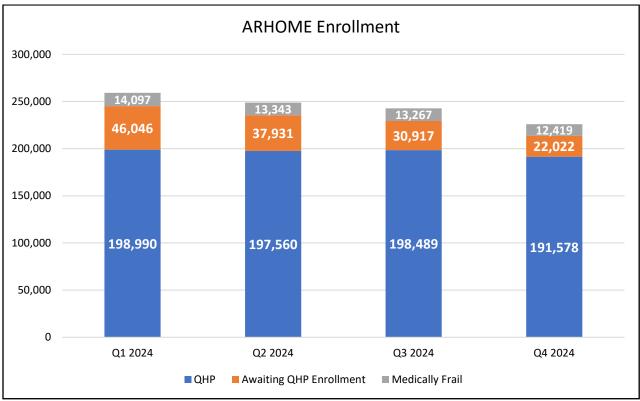
Eligibility and enrollment

The ARHOME program currently covers about 224,000 beneficiaries. Upon enrollment in the ARHOME program, beneficiaries are placed into two categories.

- Medically frail
- Awaiting QHP enrollment

Medically frail beneficiaries have health care needs that are better served by the traditional Medicaid program. These beneficiaries do not enroll in a QHP; instead, they receive health care services through traditional fee for service Medicaid. About 6% of ARHOME beneficiaries are considered medically frail.

Individuals who are not medically frail begin the process of enrolling in a QHP. These beneficiaries have 42 days to select an ARHOME QHP. Those who do not select a plan are autoassigned to a QHP. Those who are auto-assigned have another 30 days to change their plan before their QHP coverage begins. Most ARHOME beneficiaries are enrolled in a QHP.



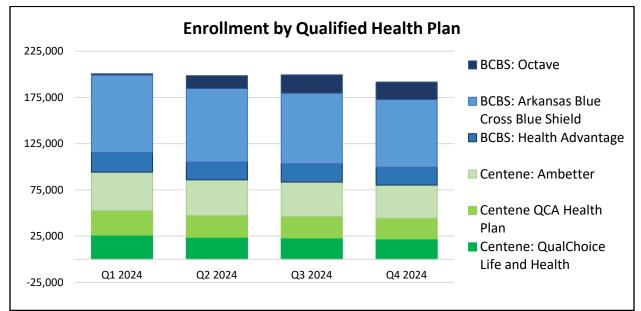
Enrollment as of the first day of each quarter (data pulled on 10/07/2024)

Health insurer participation and competition

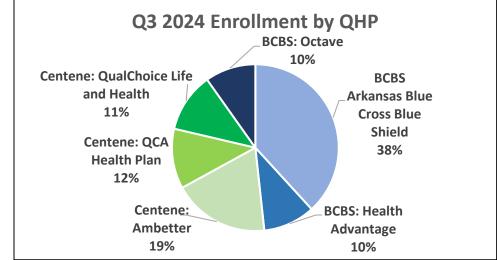
The ARHOME program currently purchases QHP coverage from two insurance carriers, Centene and Arkansas Blue Cross and Blue Shield (BCBS). Until 2024, Centene offered three QHPs for ARHOME beneficiaries, and BCBS offered two. Arkansas Blue Cross and Blue Shield introduced a third QHP, known as Octave, to the ARHOME program beginning January 2024.

The following charts show:

- ARHOME enrollment in each QHP on the first day of each quarter of 2024.
- The percentage of ARHOME enrollees enrolled in each QHP in the fourth quarter of 2024.



QHP enrollment on the first day of each quarter as of 11/04/2024.



QHP enrollment on the first day of the quarter as of 11/04/2024

Premium and cost-sharing reduction costs

For ARHOME beneficiaries, DHS purchases the lowest cost qualifying silver-level plan offered in each rating area and those within 10% of the lowest cost plan. The plans DHS purchases are available to the public on the Arkansas Health Insurance Marketplace and cover the 10 essential health benefits all Marketplace plans are required to cover under the Affordable Care Act, which include:

- Ambulatory patient services
- Emergency services
- Hospitalization
- Pregnancy, maternity, and newborn care
- Mental health & substance use disorder services
- Prescription drugs

- Rehabilitative and habilitative services & devices
- Laboratory services
- Preventive & wellness services and chronic disease management
- Pediatric services

Individuals in fee for service awaiting enrollment in a QHP receive the same benefits as those offered by the QHPs.

Cost Sharing

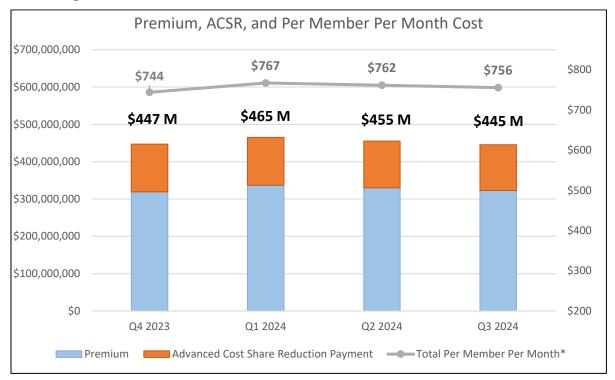
Many ARHOME beneficiaries pay a portion of the cost of their health care services. They do not pay premiums, coinsurance or deductibles, but some beneficiaries pay point of service copays. The following table provides information on the copays beneficiaries pay.

Beneficiaries who	Beneficiaries a	Beneficiaries above 20% FPL enrolled in a QHP and those awaiting										
are subject to cost		QHP. Some individual		0								
sharing			s are exempt (e.g	., pregnant								
		women, 19- and 20-year-olds).										
Service-specific	\$4.70/\$9.40, depending on the service. Some services are exempt											
copay amounts	(e.g., emergen	(e.g., emergency services).										
Copay limits	The total copay	ys an individual is subje	ect to is capped ea	ach quarter. A								
	beneficiary's q	uarterly copay limit is b	based on his or he	er household								
	federal poverty	/ level.										
		FPL	Copay Limit									
		0%-20%	\$0									
		21%-40%	\$27									
		41%-60%	\$54									
		61%-80%	\$81									
		81%-100%	\$108									
		101%-120%	\$135									
		121%-138%	\$163									
Beneficiaries whose	The ARHOME b	peneficiary and all Med	icaid beneficiarie	s who pay								
copays contribute	copays in the ir	ndividual's family (not i	ncluding ARKids	В								
to meeting the	beneficiaries),	per CMS requirements										
copay limit	//											

Advanced Cost Sharing Reduction Payment

The silver-level plans sold on the Marketplace charge higher copays than the \$4.70 or \$9.40 ARHOME beneficiaries pay. For example, a plan might normally have a \$50 copay for a doctor's visit. ARHOME beneficiaries pay just \$4.70 of that \$50 copay, and DHS is responsible for the rest. DHS makes a monthly payment, known as an Advanced Cost Share Reduction (ACSR) payment, to the QHPs to cover the amount of the copay not paid by ARHOME beneficiaries. This is an estimated up-front payment to cover beneficiary copays. At the end of the year, the estimated amounts are compared against actual copays incurred, and reconciliation payments are made to settle any uncovered costs or overpayments.

For each beneficiary, DHS pays the plan's monthly premium and an ACSR payment. The ACSR rates for 2023 were set at 40% of each premium rate. The per member per month expenditure remained under the federal limit of \$758.85 for 2023. The federal limit is known as the budget neutrality cap. ARHOME QHP expenditures dropped throughout 2023 primarily due to the end of the public health emergency, which resulted in the disenrollment of beneficiaries determined to be ineligible for Medicaid or did not return information necessary for their eligibility to be determined.



In Q3 2024, the per member per month cost and overall costs decreased, reflecting a continuing decrease in enrollment.

Source: AME-2599-10591 ARHOME Premium and CSR Payments and Adjustments by Month and Carrier 080524 *Does not include wrap costs for non-emergency transportation or EPSDT services for 19- and 20-year-olds, nor does it include final CSR reconciliation settlement payments or recoupments.

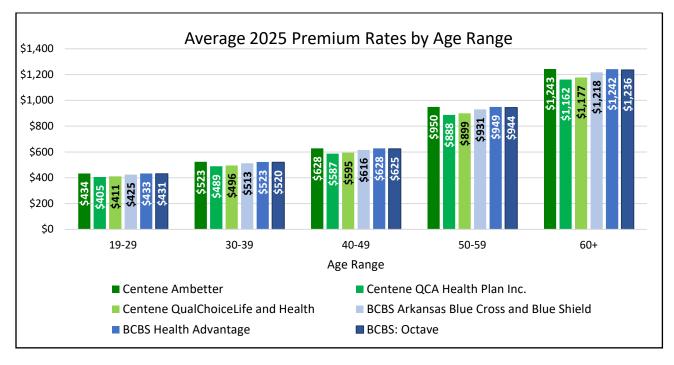
Qualified Health Plan Rates

The carriers set the premiums they charge for each plan they sell on the Marketplace, subject to approval from the Arkansas Insurance Department. The 2024 premiums DHS pays for each plan range from about \$336 per month for a 19-year-old non-smoker in one plan to just under \$1,360 per month for 64-year-old tobacco user in another plan.

All premium rates will increase for 2025. The largest premium increase, 10.2%, will be in the Centene Ambetter plan. In its filing with the Arkansas Insurance Department, Centene cited updates based on claims experience and anticipated changes in the average morbidity of the plan population. Additional details in the publicly available documents have been redacted.

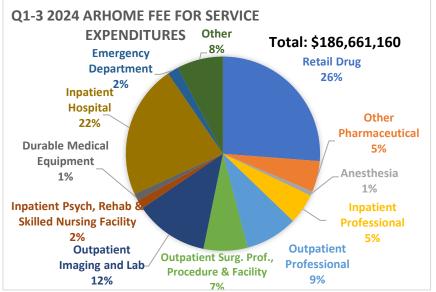
	Avera	age % Change in Pre	miums
	2022 to 2023	2023 to 2024	2024-2025
Centene Ambetter	7%	1%	10.2%
Centene QCA Health Plan Inc.	5%	-2%	2.3%
Centene QualChoice Life and Health	3%	0%	3.7%
BCBS Arkansas Blue Cross and Blue Shield	4%	8%	2.2%
BCBS Health Advantage	5%	2%	4.3%
BCBS Octave (started in 2024)			5.6%

The carriers' 2025 premium rates are shown in the following chart. The 2025 premiums DHS will pay for each plan range from about \$346 per month for a 19-year-old non-smoker in one plan to over \$1,400 per month for 64-year-old tobacco user in another plan.



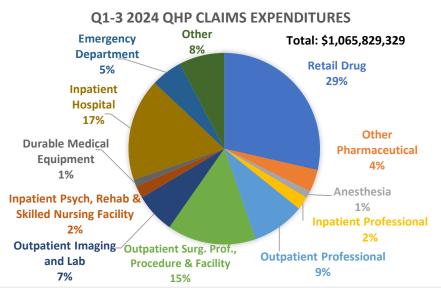
Utilization

Medical claims for ARHOME beneficiaries are processed in different systems, depending on whether the beneficiary is in a QHP or in traditional fee for service Medicaid. FFS Medicaid claims are paid from the Medicaid MMIS billing system (Interchange), while the individual QHPs process medical claims for ARHOME beneficiaries through their own systems. The chart below shows claims expenditures for ARHOME beneficiaries enrolled in traditional fee for service Medicaid (medically frail and individuals awaiting QHP enrollment) for Q1-3 2024.



Source: AME-3942 Care Categories - Exps and Additional Metrics – Initial, as of 11/14/24

The QHPs are required to provide DHS quarterly data on the claims they pay on behalf of ARHOME beneficiaries. The following chart shows the claims that QHPs reported paying for ARHOME beneficiaries during Q1-3 2024.

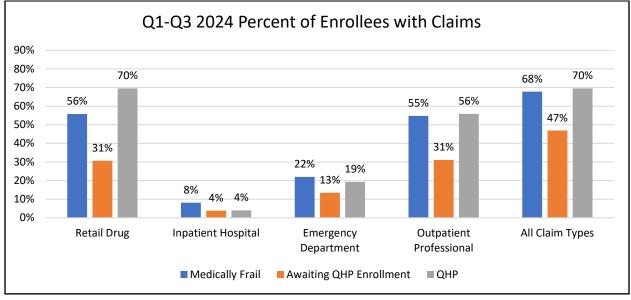


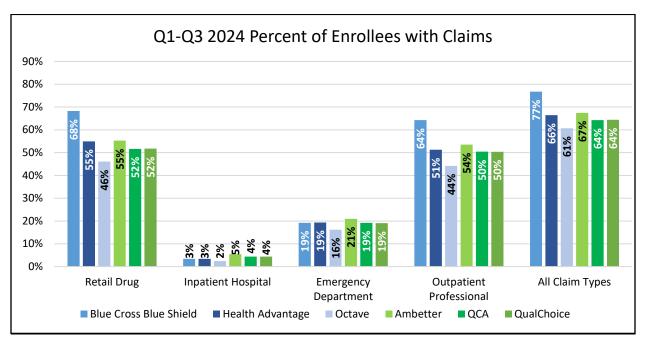
Source: AME-3942 Care Categories - Exps and Additional Metrics – Initial, as of 11/14/24

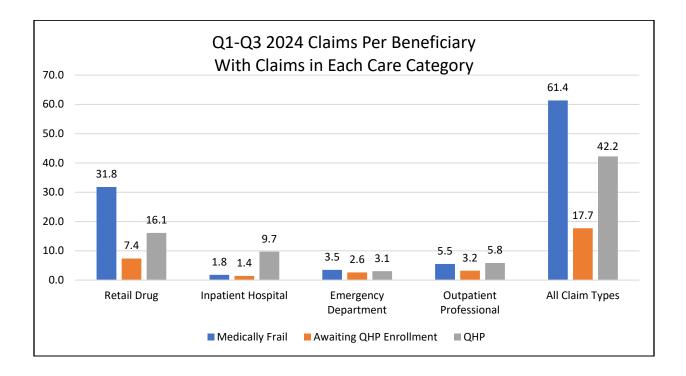
The following charts show the utilization of health services by:

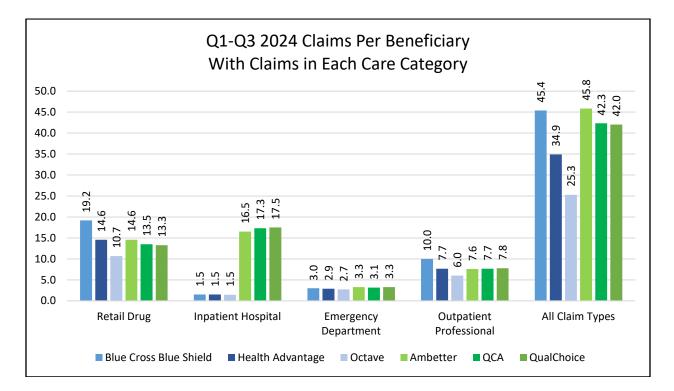
- Percent of beneficiaries with health claims
- Number of claims per beneficiary among beneficiaries with a claim in each service category (e.g., number of pharmacy claims per beneficiary among all beneficiaries with a pharmacy claim)
- Expenditures per beneficiary among beneficiaries with a claim in each service category (e.g., total pharmacy expenditures per beneficiary among all beneficiaries with pharmacy claims)

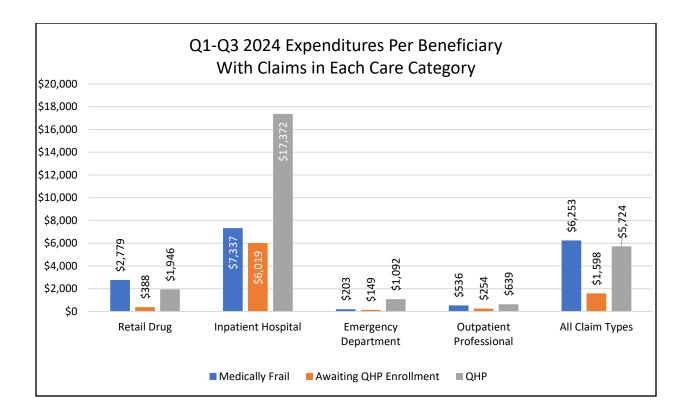
The data are provided for Q1-Q3 2024 for medically frail, beneficiaries awaiting enrollment in a QHP, all beneficiaries in a QHP, and by each individual QHP.

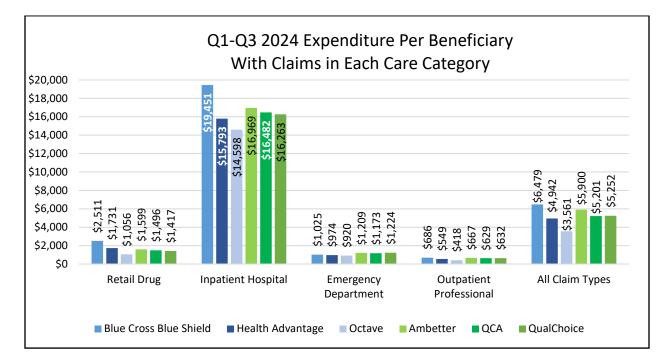












Individual qualified health insurance plan health improvement outcomes

One of the main goals of the ARHOME program is to improve beneficiaries' health. New program provisions require QHPs to take responsibility for generating that improvement. In 2023, QHPs were required to provide at least two health improvement incentives to encourage the use of preventive care and two health improvement incentive for each of the following populations:

- Pregnant women, particularly those with high-risk pregnancies
- Individuals with mental illness
- Individuals with substance use disorder
- Individuals with two or more chronic conditions

The following tables provide information on the incentives the QHPs offered in 2023 for each requirement, the total number of people receiving the incentive and the total incentive payment awarded. The QHPs will provide the same information for 2024 in July 2025.

QHPs also submitted annual strategic plans that included steps they would take to meet quality and performance metrics and activities to improve the health outcomes of people living in rural areas and the populations listed above.

Preventive	Care
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ОНЬ	2023 Incentive Activity	Beneficiaries Awarded (% of eligible)	Total Awarded
Blue Cross and Blue Shield	Award beneficiaries: • \$15 for wellness visit • \$50 for cervical cancer	30,168 (20%) 27,919 (45%) 12,684 (53%)	\$452,520 \$1,395,950 \$634,200
Health Advantage	\$50 for cervical calleerscreening.\$50 for mammogram	4,515 (11%) 4,502 (41%) 1,332 (45%)	\$67,725 \$225,100 \$66,600
Ambetter	Award beneficiaries: Up to \$500 in rewards for completing healthy activities,	7,516 (10%)	\$658,220
QualChoice Life	Challenges or Power-Ups in the My Health Pays portal. Members can shop at the online store or convert points	2,933 (6%)	\$250,816
QCA	into money (10 points = \$1.00) to use towards healthcare related costs or monthly bills	2,842 (6%)	\$239,968

Pregnant Women

ОНЬ	2023 Incentive Activity	Beneficiaries Awarded (% of eligible)	Total Awarded
Blue Cross and Blue Shield	 Award beneficiaries: \$50 per visit (up to \$200) to complete 1-4 prenatal visits \$25 for engaging with an ABCBS Special 	479 (23%) 119 (6%)	\$90,250 \$2,975
Health Advantage	Delivery care manager OR with a Maven care advocate by registering and completing 1 visit	312 (56%) 12 (2%)	\$36,800 \$300
Ambetter	No specific incentives, but offered: • Stay Smart for Your Baby case management	91 (12%) 14 (3%)	N/A
QualChoice Life	program, which provides education toaddress high-risk maternity concernsCommunity baby showers, where attendees	74 (10%) 8 (4%)	N/A
QCA	receive supplies, including diapers, wipes, & safety items	88 (11%) 9 (4%)	N/A

Substance Use Disorder

QHP	2023 Incentive Activity	Beneficiaries Awarded (% of eligible)	Total Awarded
Blue Cross and Blue Shield	 Award beneficiaries: \$100 for completing follow-up visit within 30 days of ER visit for a substance use disorder. \$50 for completing follow up visit or 	170 (25%) 632 (16%)	\$17,000 \$31,600
Health Advantage	receiving medication-assisted therapy within 14 days and attending 2 follow-up visits after a new diagnosis of substance use disorder	29 (15%) 124 (12%)	\$2,900 \$6,200
Ambetter QualChoice Life QCA	No specific incentive, but allows participation in the Health Assistance Linkage and Outreach case management program	17 (5%) 11 (10%) 14 (11%)	N/A N/A N/A

Chronic Conditions

ОНЬ	2023 Incentive Activity	Beneficiaries Awarded (% of Eligible)	Total Awarded
Blue Cross and Blue Shield	 Award beneficiaries: \$15 for reporting blood pressure and read an educational article related to hypertension. 	484 (1%) 6,002 (44%) 1,146 (85%)	\$7,260 \$240,080 \$57,300
Health Advantage	 \$40 for achieving a hemoglobin A1c test result of 7% or less \$50 for maintaining ratio of 0.5 or greater for controller to rescue inhaler use 	32 (1%) 765 (34%) 108 (66%)	\$480 \$30,600 \$5,400
Ambetter	Up to \$500 (10 points=\$1.00) in rewards for completing a wellness medical service or	4,634 (6.3%)	\$433,810
QualChoice Life	completing a Challenge (gamified series of goal- oriented behaviors) or Power-Up (bite-sized	1,701 (3.3%)	\$166,122
QCA	tiles of content and interactions) in the My Health Pays portal.	1,633 (3.2%)	\$149,937

Mental Illness

ОНЬ	2023 Incentive Activity	Beneficiaries Awarded (% of Eligible)	Total Awarded
Blue Cross and Blue Shield	 Award beneficiaries: \$100 for completion of a follow-up visit 30 days after a hospitalization for a mental 	717 (60%) 260 (40%)	\$71,700 \$13,000
Health Advantage	 health disorder \$50 for remaining adherent to antipsychotic medications during the year (80% or better) 	164 (42%) 46 (35%)	\$16,400 \$2,300
Ambetter	 Mental health medication management Award beneficiaries: Up to \$500 (10 points = 	107 (9%) 4,634 (6%)	NA \$42,203
QualChoice Life	\$1.00) in rewards for completing activities in the My Health Pays portal. Members can shop at the Rewards store online or convert	66 (19%) 1,691 (3%)	NA \$14,181
QCA	points into money (10 points = \$1.00) to use towards healthcare costs or monthly bills.	58 (18%) 1,595 (3%)	NA \$13,362

The 2023 performance targets on the health quality metrics (shown in the table beginning on page 15) were set in January 2023 based on the QHPs' best performance on health quality measures in 2019, 2020 and 2021. The 2023 performance targets were based on the best performing QHP for each metric over the three years. Two additional targets were established based on the median performance of all five QHPs across the three years and individual QHP improvement of at least 4% from its best rate. These additional targets allowed QHPs to get credit for improvement, even if they don't match the performance of the best performing QHP.

The 2023 results are in the table on pages 15-20. The following information identifies the overall results by each of the three types of targets: best performer, median and 4% improvement.

The QHPs that met the best performance targets are shown in green on pages 15-20 and those that did not are in red. Breakouts on the metrics are also available by race and by rural/urban areas of the state.

The 2024 performance targets were set in December 2023 based on performance in 2019, 2020, 2021 and 2022. For 2024, DHS set targets using methodology similar to 2023 but requires a 5% improvement in each QHP's best performance on each measure. The 2024 results will be presented to the ARHOME Advisory Panel in September 2025.

Measure	Year	Target	ARHOME Overall	Mean of Reporting States Medicaid	AR Medicaid Overall	BCBS: Blue Cross Blue Shield	BCBS: Health Advantage	Centene: Ambetter	Centene: QCA	Centene: Qual Choice	Urban	Rural	White	Black
	2019	N/A	46.0%	55.5%	40.0%	44.4%	N/A	42.1%	31.0%	30.2%	46.2%	45.9%	45.3%	50.4%
	2020	N/A	43.5%	51.9%	41.9%	41.3%	N/A	38.4%	29.3%	29.6%	43.8%	43.2%	43.0%	48.6%
Cervical Cancer Screening	2021	N/A	41.7%	51.1%	43.3%	42.3%	16.0%	40.0%	30.8%	31.1%	42.0%	41.3%	40.7%	45.9%
Screening	2022	46.0%	41.5%	50.1%	42.8%	43.7%	22.1%	40.9%	37.3%	37.2%	41.8%	41.0%	40.4%	44.9%
	2023	46.0%	40.8%			42.1%	32.3%	40.9%	40.3%	40.1%	41.9%	39.5%	39.5%	43.2%
	2019	N/A	53.9%	58.3%	61.6%	53.6%	N/A	53.6%	55.5%	55.2%	52.7%	55.5%	49.5%	65.6%
Chlamydia	2020	N/A	52.5%	55.2%	53.7%	49.7%	N/A	54.7%	52.3%	55.4%	52.4%	52.6%	46.8%	65.0%
Screening in Women	2021	N/A	53.9%	55.5%	55.5%	51.3%	50.0%	53.1%	56.8%	57.3%	54.4%	53.1%	48.7%	66.3%
	2022	55.5%	53.9%	56.5%	55.8%	50.9%	54.4%	55.4%	56.8%	55.1%	54.0%	53.8%	48.6%	66.2%
	2023	57.3%	50.6%			46.9%	51.9%	50.6%	53.3%	53.1%	51.8%	49.1%	45.6%	64.0%
	2019	N/A	50.8%	53.7%	39.6%	54.0%	N/A	49.1%	38.7%	42.2%	50.5%	51.0%	49.0%	55.4%
	2020	N/A	47.7%	49.8%	42.8%	50.9%	N/A	47.1%	40.5%	41.0%	48.2%	47.2%	46.0%	52.8%
Breast Cancer	2021	N/A	44.5%	48.0%	41.7%	47.6%	N/A	44.4%	39.3%	40.2%	44.7%	44.3%	42.4%	50.7%
Screening	2022	54.0%	46.1%	48.3%	43.7%	50.7%	N/A	46.4%	40.9%	41.2%	46.6%	45.6%	43.7%	51.3%
	2023	54.0%	50.7%			54.5%	45.5%	50.2%	44.0%	44.1%	51.3%	50.2%	48.3%	55.0%
	2019	N/A	54.3%	40.4% (60 days)	38.1% (60 days)	54.7%	N/A	53.9%	50.4%	58.4%	52.7%	56.6%	55.3%	54.5%
Contraceptive	2020	N/A	48.9%	39.3% (60 days)	37.7% (60 days)	46.6%	N/A	50.0%	46.5%	49.8%	47.3%	51.3%	52.5%	48.1%
Care – Postpartum Women	2021	N/A	45.8%	37.8% (60 days)	37.7% (60 days)	46.4%	38.7%	44.6%	43.6%	49.8%	42.8%	50.0%	48.2%	44.7%
women	2022	58.4%	47.9%		42.3% (90 days)	47.5%	43.3%	48.9%	49.4%	48.3%	45.4%	51.8%	48.2%	47.9%
	2023	58.4%	47.8%			42.3%	42.9%	52.9%	52.6%	54.0%	45.8%	50.3%	48.1%	53.8%
	2019	N/A	25.5%	25.3%	23.1%	27.0%	N/A	24.0%	24.3%	24.3%	25.7%	25.3%	25.2%	26.0%
Contraceptive	2020	N/A	23.8%	24.7%	23.6%	25.2%	N/A	22.3%	22.4%	21.5%	24.1%	23.4%	23.5%	24.2%
Care – All	2021	N/A	22.9%	22.7%	22.8%	24.6%	19.0%	21.3%	22.4%	22.0%	23.0%	22.7%	22.4%	23.7%
Women	2022	27.0%	20.9%	21.2%	20.5%	22.6%	19.5%	19.1%	21.5%	21.0%	21.0%	20.8%	20.2%	21.6%
	2023	27.0%	20.0%			20.8%	22.0%	18.3%	21.3%	19.6%	20.3%	19.6%	19.4%	20.1%
	2019	N/A	10.2%	9.8%	10.2%	10.2%	N/A	10.5%	9.8%	9.3%	10.3%	10.1%	8.7%	14.8%
	2020	N/A	10.8%	10.0%	10.6%	11.1%	N/A	10.8%	11.5%	9.6%	11.3%	10.0%	9.7%	15.9%
Low Birth Weight	2021	N/A	10.8%	10.2%	10.6%	9.8%	11.6%	12.1%	11.7%	9.6%	11.6%	9.9%	9.0%	17.1%
	2022	N/A	10.9%	10.4%	10.7%	10.7%	11.8%	12.5%	9.4%	10.5%	11.5%	10.1%	9.4%	15.9%
	2023	9.6%	10.4%		10.7%	10.6%	10.6%	8.5%	9.9%	11.4%	10.6%	10.1%	9.7%	16.0%

Measure	Year	Target	ARHOME Overall	Mean of Reporting States Medicaid	AR Medicaid Overall	BCBS: Blue Cross Blue Shield	BCBS: Health Advantage	Centene: Ambetter	Centene: QCA	Centene: Qual Choice	Urban	Rural	White	Black
	2019	N/A	1.4%		1.5%	1.2%	N/A	1.7%	1.2%	1.2%	1.3%	1.4%	1.0%	2.4%
Manuel and Distle	2020	N/A	1.6%		1.3%	1.6%	N/A	1.8%	1.7%	1.2%	1.8%	1.3%	1.3%	2.9%
Very Low Birth Weight	2021	N/A	1.6%		1.6%	1.3%	2.5%	1.7%	1.5%	1.3%	1.9%	1.2%	1.2%	2.7%
weight	2022	N/A	1.5%		1.6%	1.4%	1.6%	2.4%	1.2%	1.2%	1.8%	1.2%	1.1%	2.4%
	2023	1.2%	1.3%		1.5%	1.0%	1.3%	1.8%	0.8%	1.7%	1.5%	1.1%	1.1%	2.2%
	2019	N/A	13.5%		12.6%	13.3%	N/A	14.0%	14.4%	12.2%	13.3%	13.7%	13.6%	16.1%
	2020	N/A	12.8%		12.4%	13.6%	N/A	14.2%	11.8%	11.2%	13.2%	12.2%	12.8%	15.9%
Pre-Term Birth	2021	N/A	13.0%		12.7%	12.7%	13.2%	15.2%	13.1%	11.1%	12.9%	13.1%	12.4%	16.4%
	2022	N/A	13.3%		12.5%	13.4%	13.6%	13.1%	12.3%	13.7%	14.0%	12.2%	12.9%	16.1%
	2023	11.8%	12.1%		12.9%	12.4%	12.5%	10.4%	11.3%	12.9%	12.4%	11.8%	12.0%	14.6%
	2019	N/A	26.2	22.2 (Ages 18-64)	37.3 (Ages 18-64)	14.2	N/A	16.8	16.4	22.4	27.4	24.8	26.6	26.8
Diabetes Short-	2020	N/A	21.4	19.4 (Ages 18-64)	20.6 (Ages 18-64)	14.2	N/A	15.5	30.9	27.5	24.0	18.2	22.6	26.2
Term Complications Admission Rate	2021	N/A	21.9	17.8 (Ages 18-64)	20.1 (Ages 18-64)	16.7	23.0	14.6	18.7	17.7	23.0	20.2	22.0	26.4
Aumission Nate	2022	14.2	19.0	16.3 (Ages 18-64)	18.0 (Ages 18-64)	12.9	18.3	16.1	16.1	13.9	20.4	17.0	20.1	21.3
	2023	14.2	21.9			12.5	18.1	17.2	14.5	17.4	22.4	21.3	23.2	29.1
	2019	N/A	40.9	69.4	121.7	24.9	N/A	32.2	18.3	23.4	39.3	42.8	45.8	26.4
COPD or Asthma	2020	N/A	23.2	52.0	33.6	14.3	N/A	17.2	19.2	7.7	22.5	24.1	25.6	20.4
in Older Adults	2021	N/A	19.4	44.6	28.2	17.5	12.2	17.1	11.7	8.7	15.5	24.1	24.7	14.4
Admission Rate	2022	18.3	14.9	48.1	21.0	12.0	8.0	12.6	7.1	9.7	13.8	16.0	18.1	10.5
	2023	18.3	16.2			12.1	17.8	12.7	8.0	8.2	12.5	20.3	19.9	10.6
	2020	N/A	22.8	30.3 (Ages 18-64)	22.7 (Ages 18-64)	14.4	N/A	16.3	18.3	10.9	27.0	17.4	19.8	36.8
Heart Failure Admission Rate	2021	N/A	21.7	28.7 (Ages 18-64)	22.8 (Ages 18-64)	14.8	18.1	18.4	13.1	11.7	25.3	17.1	19.6	34.8
Aumission Kale	2022	12.3	22.3	29.1 (Ages 18-64)	22.4 (Ages 18-64)	14.7	17.2	17.6	14.2	13.0	26.4	16.3	19.8	35.2
	2023	11.7	26.3			17.0	22.7	23.3	15.5	15.9	25.5	27.2	23.2	43.2

Measure	Year	Target	ARHOME Overall	Mean of Reporting States Medicaid	AR Medicaid Overall	BCBS: Blue Cross Blue Shield	BCBS: Health Advantage	Centene: Ambetter	Centene: QCA	Centene: Qual Choice	Urban	Rural	White	Black
	2019	N/A	4.8	8.2 (Ages 18-39)	7.0 (Ages 18-39)	3.1	N/A	3.3	2.1	2.1	5.1	4.5	4.1	9.6
Asthma in	2020	N/A	2.1	4.2 (Ages 18-39)	2.7 (Ages 18-39)	1.6	N/A	2.0	1.7	2.8	2.0	2.2	1.9	4.5
Younger Adults Admission Rate	2021	N/A	1.7	4.0 (Ages 18-39)	2.5 (Ages 18-39)	1.8	0.0	1.0	1.2	1.8	1.5	2.0	1.6	3.0
	2022	2.1	1.4	3.9 (Ages 18-39)	1.9 (Ages 18-39)	1.3	1.9	1.0	1.5	0.6	1.6	1.2	1.5	2.0
	2023	1.0	2.2			1.6	0.5	1.9	2.8	1.2	2.2	2.1	2.2	1.5
	2019	N/A	0.8506	1.0259 (Ages 18-64)	0.8906 (Ages 18-64)	0.8071	N/A	0.8003	0.7065	0.9174	0.8268	0.8801	0.8635	0.8239
Plan All-Cause	2020	N/A	0.7743	1.0379 (Ages 18-64)	1.1297 (Ages 18-64)	0.7072	N/A	0.7528	0.4663	0.3911	0.7834	0.7624	0.7967	0.8003
Readmissions, Observed/ Expected Ratio	2021	N/A	0.8457	1.0082 (Ages 18-64)	1.0544 (Ages 18-64)	0.7291	7.1528	0.8802	0.9275	0.8545	0.8301	0.8754	0.8318	0.8896
	2022	N/A	0.8799	0.9982 (Ages 18-64)	1.1345 (Ages 18-64)	0.8303	0.8841	0.8394	0.9458	0.8162	0.8534	0.9166	0.8914	0.8835
	2023	1.0	0.9570			0.8799	1.0007	0.8405	0.9278	0.7784	0.9898	0.9065	0.9652	0.9756
	2019	N/A	46.9%	53.4%	38.5%	48.4%	N/A	45.3%	50.0%	54.5%	50.2%	43.3%	47.6%	47.4%
Asthma Medica-	2020	N/A	55.8%	57.1%	51.5%	60.2%	N/A	51.1%	48.5%	45.8%	58.4%	51.7%	55.1%	57.0%
tion Ratio	2021	N/A	58.9%	57.9%	55.2%	64.6%	N/A	55.0%	47.2%	49.3%	59.2%	58.1%	57.6%	60.8%
	2022	54.5%	63.3%	60.8%	57.6%	69.2%	80.0%	61.8%	56.1%	56.7%	64.4%	61.9%	63.7%	62.0%
	2023	54.5%	65.1%			72.2%	62.0%	59.9%	58.6%	65.1%	62.8%	67.7%	63.9%	66.0%
	2019	N/A	37.9%	43.4% (Ages 18-64)		37.4%	N/A	38.5%	44.0%	41.5%	37.3%	38.8%	39.1%	31.8%
Initiation of SUD	2020	N/A	39.2%	43.5% (Ages 18-64)	40.0% (Ages 18-64)	39.8%	N/A	40.2%	37.4%	38.5%	39.3%	39.2%	40.5%	32.5%
Treatment - Total Use Disorder	2021	N/A	40.1%	43.5% (Ages 18-64)	43.9% (Ages 18-64)	41.5%	42.5%	40.8%	38.8%	38.3%	40.4%	39.8%	41.5%	34.9%
	2022	44.0%	43.1%	45.3% (Ages 18-64)	43.3% (Ages 18-64)	43.0%	43.7%	44.4%	42.6%	44.4%	44.4%	41.2%	44.9%	35.3%
	2023	44.0%	46.9%			45.3%	47.4%	53.1%	47.3%	45.4%	48.0%	45.2%	48.0%	41.0%

Measure	Year	Target	ARHOME Overall	Mean of Reporting States Medicaid	AR Medicaid Overall	BCBS: Blue Cross Blue Shield	BCBS: Health Advantage	Centene: Ambetter	Centene: QCA	Centene: Qual Choice	Urban	Rural	White	Black
Engagement of SUD Treatment - Total Use Disorder	2019	N/A	8.6%	16.5% (Ages 18-64)		9.6%	N/A	9.8%	10.3%	8.6%	8.3%	9.0%	9.5%	5.1%
	2020	N/A	9.7%	15.2% (Ages 18-64)	8.9% (Ages 18-64)	9.5%	N/A	12.0%	9.1%	10.1%	9.2%	10.4%	10.7%	4.6%
	2021	N/A	11.7%	15.1% (Ages 18-64)	10.2% (Ages 18-64)	12.1%	13.2%	13.5%	11.4%	9.8%	12.0%	11.3%	12.8%	7.6%
	2022	12.0%	13.6%	17.0% (Ages 18-64)	11.9% (Ages 18-64)	12.3%	10.4%	16.7%	15.7%	15.2%	14.6%	12.1%	15.0%	7.9%
	2023	13.5%	15.3%			14.4%	13.8%	21.3%	14.3%	14.6%	16.6%	13.4%	17.0%	8.9%
	2019	N/A	52.9%	52.5% (Ages 18-64)	39.7% (Ages 18-64)	55.5%	N/A	56.0%	48.7%	54.8%	52.6%	53.3%	55.0%	40.5%
Antidepressant	2020	N/A	54.0%	55.3% (Ages 18-64)	49.5% (Ages 18-64)	56.7%	N/A	55.1%	50.8%	52.2%	54.4%	53.4%	56.6%	39.4%
Medication Management, Acute Phase	2021	N/A	58.1%	59.7% (Ages 18-64)	55.2% (Ages 18-64)	59.2%	72.2%	60.7%	57.2%	58.1%	58.8%	57.1%	60.7%	45.4%
Acute Phase	2022	56.7%	57.2%	59.1% (Ages 18-64)	52.1% (Ages 18-64)	59.0%	54.0%	59.3%	58.1%	56.4%	57.9%	56.3%	59.9%	44.0%
	2023	60.7%	62.1%			59.9%	53.1%	59.3%	57.8.%	59.1%	63.1%	60.7%	63.9%	52.4%
Antidepressant	2020	N/A	38.1%	38.7% (Ages 18-64)	33.4% (Ages 18-64)	41.3%	N/A	38.3%	35.2%	35.0%	38.2%	38.0%	40.5%	24.6%
Medication Management,	2021	N/A	41.4%	41.0% (Ages 18-64)	39.4% (Ages 18-64)	43.1%	61.1%	42.2%	38.6%	41.9%	41.9%	40.6%	44.0%	27.5%
Continuation Phase	2022	41.3%	38.5%	40.3% (Ages 18-64)	34.7% (Ages 18-64)	41.5%	36.1%	40.6%	35.7%	35.6%	39.6%	37.1%	41.5%	24.9%
	2023	42.2%	36.2%			35.8%	27.4%	32.7%	29.9%	30.5%	37.6%	34.2%	38.4%	24.1%
	2019	N/A	44.1%	61.2% (Ages 18+)	59.4% (Ages 18+)	47.2%	N/A	34.8%	65.0%	38.5%	41.1%	47.3%	47.5%	36.6%
Adherence to Antipsychotic	2020	N/A	47.2%	63.5% (Ages 18+)	58.0% (Ages 18+)	44.2%	N/A	46.4%	52.1%	43.3%	45.7%	49.1%	50.8%	43.2%
Medications for Individuals With	2021	N/A	41.2%	61.7% (Ages 18+)	54.3% (Ages 18+)	44.8%	40.0%	39.9%	40.6%	41.0%	38.4%	45.0%	44.8%	33.6%
Schizophrenia	2022	65.0%	44.2%	61.4% (Ages 18+)	55.0% (Ages 18+)	50.3%	36.6%	36.7%	40.2%	35.2%	41.4%	47.9%	46.7%	37.2%
	2023	65.0%	48.0%			48.4%	34.5%	49.0%	50.8%	52.6%	45.9%	50.4%	51.4%	35.8%

Measure	Year	Target	ARHOME Overall	Mean of Reporting States Medicaid	AR Medicaid Overall	BCBS: Blue Cross Blue Shield	BCBS: Health Advantage	Centene: Ambetter	Centene: QCA	Centene: Qual Choice	Urban	Rural	White	Black
	2019	N/A	39.0%			47.1%	N/A	36.5%	40.2%	45.1%	35.0%	45.4%	42.3%	15.6%
Use of Pharmaco-	2020	N/A	51.3%	57.3% (Ages 18-64)	47.5% (Ages 18-64)	54.0%	N/A	54.1%	55.3%	51.6%	49.4%	54.1%	55.2%	19.9%
therapy for Opioid Use	2021	N/A	56.8%	59.5% (Ages 18-64)	55.6% (Ages 18-64)	60.7%	65.4%	57.8%	56.6%	56.1%	54.6%	60.9%	59.8%	28.1%
Disorder	2022	55.3%	59.8%	59.3% (Ages 18-64)	57.0% (Ages 18-64)	61.6%	62.4%	59.4%	61.1%	62.8%	59.8%	59.8%	61.8%	38.3%
	2023	60.7%	62.2%			65.5%	67.1%	64.1%	62.8%	61.8%	61.9%	62.8%	64.6%	40.3%
Diabetes	2019	N/A	79.2%	79.8% (Ages 18-64)	80.3% (Ages 18-64)	80.5%	N/A	80.6%	75.2%	81.1%	79.6%	78.8%	80.3%	75.2%
Screening for People With	2020	N/A	77.6%	74.6% (Ages 18-64)	75.8% (Ages 18-64)	78.3%	N/A	79.2%	76.0%	79.4%	77.3%	78.1%	78.1%	79.5%
Schizophrenia or Bipolar Disorder Who Are Using	2021	N/A	79.7%	76.2% (Ages 18-64)	80.7% (Ages 18-64)	80.2%	78.1%	81.1%	80.5%	79.4%	79.5%	79.8%	80.5%	80.0%
Antipsychotic Medications	2022	81.1%	80.1%	76.8% (Ages 18-64)	81.1% (Ages 18-64)	81.4%	83.0%	80.6%	77.1%	80.7%	79.9%	80.3%	80.0%	79.4%
	2023	81.1%	81.3%			82.5%	81.6%	81.1%	78.5%	80.4%	81.6%	80.9%	81.5%	80.8%
	2020	N/A	1.0%	7.5% (Ages 18-64)	0.7% (Ages 18-64)	1.4%	N/A	1.2%	0.3%	0.2%	1.5%	0.6%	1.0%	0.8%
Use of Opioids at High Dosage in Persons Without	2021	N/A	0.8%	6.6% (Ages 18-64)	0.7% (Ages 18-64)	0.9%	1.8%	0.9%	0.6%	0.4%	1.1%	0.5%	1.0%	0.4%
Cancer	2022	1.1%	0.7%	6.2% (Ages 18-64)	0.5% (Ages 18-64)	0.8%	0.7%	1.0%	0.7%	0.5%	0.9%	0.5%	0.8%	0.4%
	2023	0.4%	0.9%			1.2%	0.5%	1.4%	1.2%	0.4%	1.3%	0.7%	1.2%	0.3%
	2019	N/A	20.9%	15.4% (Ages 18-64)	22.3% (Ages 18-64)	21.5%	N/A	17.8%	16.0%	20.0%	21.6%	20.1%	23.7%	11.1%
Concurrent Use	2020	N/A	18.9%	13.0% (Ages 18-64)	18.6% (Ages 18-64)	20.9%	N/A	16.3%	13.8%	15.0%	19.2%	18.5%	21.2%	11.0%
of Opioids and Benzodiazepines	2021	N/A	17.2%	12.6% (Ages 18-64)	17.3% (Ages 18-64)	20.1%	15.8%	14.0%	12.3%	11.7%	17.3%	17.0%	19.4%	10.5%
	2022	16.0%	16.9%	12.8% (Ages 18-64)	16.9% (Ages 18-64)	19.3%	15.9%	14.3%	12.9%	12.0%	17.6%	16.3%	19.0%	9.4%
	2023	11.7%	16.2%			18.5%	17.2%	13.4%	13.3%	12.2%	17.5%	15.2%	18.1%	9.5%

Measure	Year	Target	ARHOME Overall	Mean of Reporting States Medicaid	AR Medicaid Overall	BCBS: Blue Cross Blue Shield	BCBS: Health Advantage	Centene: Ambetter	Centene: QCA	Centene: Qual Choice	Urban	Rural	White	Black
	2019	N/A	8.7%	22.7% (Ages 18-64)	7.3% (Ages 18-64)	8.6%	N/A	11.8%	4.3%	2.9%	8.7%	8.7%	9.1%	7.2%
Follow-Up After Emergency	2020	N/A	9.5%	23.5% (Ages 18-64)	9.7% (Ages 18-64)	8.0%	N/A	14.0%	7.2%	8.3%	9.7%	8.6%	10.4%	4.8%
Department Visit for Substance	2021	N/A	11.9%	24.2% (Ages 18-64)	11.2% (Ages 18-64)	9.0%	9.6%	16.1%	12.5%	12.3%	11.7%	12.0%	12.9%	7.4%
Abuse	2022	16.8%	26.7%	39.3% (Ages 18-64)	25.6% (Ages 18-64)	32.9%	23.7%	22.9%	24.4%	24.0%	26.3%	27.9%	28.8%	19.6%
	2023	16.8%	20.8%			23.7%	18.4%	21.0%	19.1%	12.7%	21.7%	19.3%	21.6%	17.6%
	2020	N/A	35.9%	54.0% (Ages 18-64)	37.2% (Ages 18-64)	35.7%	N/A	30.5%	32.6%	34.6%	33.6%	38.4%	37.6%	31.8%
Follow-Up After Emergency	2021	N/A	31.5%	53.5% (Ages 18-64)	34.9% (Ages 18-64)	29.4%	19.1%	32.2%	28.7%	37.6%	30.1%	33.3%	34.4%	19.2%
Department Visit for Mental Illness	2022	41.7%	31.3%	52.2% (Ages 18-64)	33.7% (Ages 18-64)	34.1%	28.7%	26.5%	28.7%	30.3%	28.2%	36.8%	32.3%	28.2%
	2023	41.7%	32.4%			35.5%	23.7%	33.5%	37.3%	27.8%	29.7%	36.6%	33.8%	28.5%
	2019	N/A	37.0%	52.4% (Ages 18-64)	42.0% (Ages 18-64)	43.4%	N/A	24.6%	37.2%	35.6%	37.8%	36.0%	36.6%	32.7%
Follow-Up After	2020	N/A	42.8%	56.1% (Ages 18-64)	41.0% (Ages 18-64)	45.7%	N/A	41.6%	37.7%	43.1%	43.3%	42.3%	42.5%	40.0%
Hospitalization for Mental Illness	2021	N/A	37.6%	54.7% (Ages 18-64)	36.4% (Ages 18-64)	41.9%	30.2%	36.3%	36.1%	37.0%	38.2%	37.1%	39.1%	33.6%
	2022	43.4%	39.3%	53.9% (Ages 18-64)	38.5% (Ages 18-64)	42.9%	38.0%	35.6%	39.6%	36.9%	40.1%	38.2%	40.0%	35.1%
	2023	43.4%	41.7%			47.3%	41.0%	41.4%	39.9%	45.8%	40.5%	42.9%	43.0%	30.8%

Sanctions or Penalties Assessed on Qualified Health Insurance Plans

DHS assesses penalties to QHPs that do not meet targets on the health care quality metrics. For 2024, DHS required a corrective action plan from QHPs that failed to meet performance targets during Plan Year 2022.

DHS will assess financial penalties beginning with 2023 plan year performance. A QHP will earn points in 2023 and 2024 for each target it meets, as specified in the annual Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) between DHS, the QHPs and the Arkansas Insurance Department.

Beginning in 2023, DHS set multiple targets for each measure:

- Best performance target (green) of 2019, 2020 and 2021
- Median target (yellow) of 2019, 2020 and 2021
- Improvement target: Each QHP has its own target for improving its best performance by 4%

Measure	СҮ	BCBS: Blue Cross Blue Shield	BCBS: Health Advantage	Centene: Ambetter	Centene: QCA	Centene: QualChoice
	2019	27.0%	N/A	24.0%	24.3%	24.3%
Sample Measure	2020	25.2%	N/A	22.3%	22.4%	21.5%
	2021	24.6%	19.0%	21.3%	22.4%	22.0%

Each target is worth a specified number of points established in the MOU. For example, a QHP could receive 2 points for meeting the best performance target a given measure, 2 points for meeting the median target and 2 points for improving its best performance on the metric by 4%, for a total of 6 possible points for the measure. The total number of points a QHP receives determines financial penalty.

The following tables indicate whether all or none of the QHPs met each type of target. The tables also show when most of the QHPs met the target, most failed to meet the target or the results were mixed.

Chronic Conditions

Measure	Median	4% Improvement	Best Performer	
Hospital Admission Rate: Diabetes Short-Term	Mixed results	Mixed results	Most did not	
Complications	(2/5 met)	(3/5 met)	meet (1/5 met)	
Hospital Admission Rate: COPD or Asthma in Older	Most met	Mixed results	All QHPs met	
Adults	(4/5 met)	(3/5 met)	Aughrsmei	
Hospital Admission Rate: Heart Failure	No QHPs met	No QHPs met	No QHPs met	
Hospital Admission Bate: Asthma in Younger Adults	Most met	Most QHPs did	Most did not	
Hospital Admission Rate: Asthma in Younger Adults	(4/5 met)	not meet (3/4)	meet (1/5 met)	
All Cause Hespital Readmissions	Most met	Most did not	Most met (4/5	
All-Cause Hospital Readmissions	(4/5 met)	meet (1/5 met)	met)	
Asthma Medication Ratio	All QHPs met	All QHPs met	All QHPs met	

Preventive and Maternal Health

Measure	Median	4% Improvement	Best Performer
Cervical Cancer Screening	All QHPs met	Mixed results (2/5 met)	No QHPs met
Chlamydia Screening in Women	Mixed results (2/5 met)	No QHPs met	No QHPs met
Breast Cancer Screening	All QHPs met	Mixed results (2/4 met)	Most did not meet (1/5 met)
Contraceptive Care – Postpartum Women	Mixed results (3/5 met)	Mixed results (2/5 met)	No QHPs met
Contraceptive Care – All Women	No QHPs met	Mixed results (2/5 met)	No QHPs met
Low Birth Weight	Mixed results (3/5 met)	Most did not meet (1/4 met)	Most did not meet (1/5 met)
Very Low Birth Weight	Most met (3/4met)	Mixed results (2/4 met)	Mixed results (2/5 met)
Pre-Term Birth	All QHPs met	Most met (3/4 met)	Mixed results (2/5 met)

Behavioral Health and Substance Abuse

Measure	Median	4% Improvement	Best Performer
Initiation of SUD Treatment	All QHPs met	All QHPs met	All QHPs met
Engagement of SUD Treatment	All QHPs met	All QHPs met	All QHPs met
Antidepressant Medication Management, Acute Phase	Mixed results (3/5 met)	No QHPs met	No QHPs met
Antidepressant Medication Management, Continuation Phase	No QHPs met	No QHPs met	No QHPs met
Use of Pharmacotherapy for Opioid Use Disorder	All QHPs met	Mixed results (2/5 met)	All QHPs met
Use of Opioids at High Dosage in Persons Without	Mixed results	Mixed results	Most did not
Cancer	(2/5 met)	(2/5 met)	meet (1/5 met)
Concurrent Use of Opioids and Benzodiazepines	Mixed results (3/5 met)	Mixed results (2/5 met)	No QHPs met
Follow-Up After ED Visit for Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse	All QHPs met	Most QHPs met (4/5 met)	Most met (4/5 met)
Follow-Up After ED Visit for Mental Illness	Mixed results (3/5 met)	Mixed results (2/5 met)	No QHPs met
Follow-Up After Hospitalization for Mental Illness	Most met (4/5 met)	All QHPs met	Mixed results (2/5 met)
Adherence to Antipsychotic Medications for Individuals With Schizophrenia	Most met (4/5 met)	Mixed results (2/5 met)	No QHPs met

Measure	Median	4% Improvement	Best Performer
Diabetes Screening for People With Schizophrenia or Bipolar Disorder Who Are Using Antipsychotic Medications	Mixed results (3/5 met)	Mixed results (2/5 met)	Most met (4/5 met)

The total number of points each QHP earned for meeting a target determines the per-membermonth penalty shown in the table below. The total penalty for a QHP will be calculated as the penalty from the table below multiplied by the QHP's total 2023 and 2024 member months.

Deinte	2023	2024 Develte Dev
Points	Penalty Per Member Month	Penalty Per Member Month
50-108	No penalty	No penalty
40-49	\$0.90	\$1.00
30-39	\$1.80	\$2.00
20-29	\$2.70	\$3.00
10-19	\$3.60	\$4.00
0-9	\$4.50	\$5.00

The table below shows the number of points each QHP earned and its draft penalty. (Total penalty will be based on final member month calculations.) The Health Advantage plan, which started in 2021, did not have an improvement target for three measures, worth a total of four points. While the other plans had a total of 108 points available, Health Advantage had only 104 points available.

QHP	Total Points	Member- Month Penalty	Member Months	Total Penalty
Health Advantage	48	\$0	298,884	\$0.00
BCBS	53	\$0	1,245,093	\$0.00
Ambetter	53	\$0	592,533	\$0.00
QCA	54	\$0	398,422	\$0.00
QualChoice	44	\$0.90	395,760	\$356,184

Economic Independence Initiative Outcomes

DHS requires QHPs to include in their annual strategic plans activities to support the Economic Independence Initiative. Additionally, QHPs were required to offer two economic independence incentives in 2023 to encourage advances in beneficiaries' economic status or employment prospects. The table below provides the incentives each QHP offered in 2023 and the number of beneficiaries awarded.

QHP	2023 Incentive Activity	Beneficiaries Awarded (% eligible)	Total Incentive Awarded
BCBS	 Earn an Arkansas Career Readiness certificate and send to BCBS for verification; award is \$25-\$65, 	5 (.003%) 62 (.04%)	\$225 \$1,550
Health Advantage	based on score on three skill levels.Complete a continuing ed class; \$25 award	1 (.002%) 7 (.02%)	\$35 \$175
Ambetter	 View videos on financial topics to encourage savings, debt reduction and smart purchasing choices. Upon completion, members earn a My Health Pays reward and can shop at the Rewards 	5,994 (8%) (video)	\$209,231 NA
QualChoice Life	Health Pays reward and can shop at the Rewards store online or convert points into money (10 points = \$1.00) to use towards healthcare-related costs or monthly bills.	2,344 (5%) (video)	\$79,096 NA
QCA	 Community health fair. Attendees received hands-on assistance with job searching & resume building. 350 people attended health fairs, including Centene members & non-members 	2,228 (4%) (video)	\$74,596 NA

QHP	2024 Incentive Activity	Incentive Amount		
BCBS	Continuing advection	ćco.		
Health Advantage	Continuing educationCareer readiness certificate	\$50 \$100-\$200		
Octave	Career readiness certificate			
Ambetter	• Attendance at one Ambetter	Access to job searching		
QualChoice Life	Community Health FairWatch videos on cryptocurrency,	assistance & resume building\$1 each in My Health Pays		
QCA	taxes, personal finance, etc.	Member Reward Program		

Community Bridge Organizations

A significant new feature of the ARHOME program is the Maternal Life360 HOME, a program modeled after the federal community bridge organization concept. Under the Maternal Life360 HOME plan, DHS will contract with hospitals to provide home-visiting services to Medicaid enrolled women with high-risk pregnancies. The Life360 HOME hospitals will coordinate with the beneficiaries' medical providers, but medical services will continue to be covered by the individual's QHP or fee-for-service Medicaid.

During Q3 2024, DHS made significant progress in implementation of the Life360 HOME program. In 2023, DHS received nine letters of intent (the first step in the application process) from hospitals interested in becoming Maternal Life360 HOMEs. DHS has received six full applications (the second step in the application process) from hospitals interested in becoming Maternal Life360s. DHS has approved four of the maternal applications and executed startup agreements with three hospitals. In June 2024, DHS conducted the first readiness review for St. Bernards Medical Center in Jonesboro to ensure the hospital met all program requirements and the hospital began enrolling patients in November. DHS conducted another readiness review in October 2024 for a hospital in North Central Arkansas, which is expected to begin services in before the end of the year after it receives readiness approval.

More information about the program can be found at <u>www.ar.gov/life360</u>.

Appendix

23-61-1011. Health and Economic Outcomes Accountability Oversight Advisory Panel.

(a) There is created the Health and Economic Outcomes Accountability Oversight Advisory Panel.

- (b) The advisory panel shall be composed of the following members:
 - (1) The following members of the General Assembly:
 - (A) The Chair of the Senate Committee on Public Health, Welfare, and Labor;
 - (B) The Chair of the House Committee on Public Health, Welfare, and Labor;
 - (C) The Chair of the Senate Committee on Education;
 - (D) The Chair of the House Committee on Education;
 - (E) The Chair of the Senate Committee on Insurance and Commerce;
 - (F) The Chair of the House Committee on Insurance and Commerce;
 - (G) An at-large member of the Senate appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate;
 - (H) An at-large member of the House of Representatives appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives;
 - (I) An at-large member of the Senate appointed by the minority leader of the Senate; and
 - (J) An at-large member of the House of Representatives appointed by the minority leader of the House of Representatives;
 - (2) The Secretary of the Department of Human Services;
 - (3) The Arkansas Surgeon General;
 - (4) The Insurance Commissioner;
 - (5) The heads of the following executive branch agencies or their designees:
 - (A) Department of Health;
 - (B) Department of Education;
 - (C) Department of Corrections;
 - (D) Department of Commerce; and
 - (E) Department of Finance and Administration;
 - (6) The Executive Director of the Arkansas Minority Health Commission; and

(7)

- (A) Three (3) community members who represent health, business, or education, who reflect the broad racial and geographic diversity in the state, and who have demonstrated a commitment to improving the health and welfare of Arkansans, appointed as follows:
 - (i) One (1) member shall be appointed by and serve at the will of the Governor;
 - (ii) One (1) member shall be appointed by and serve at the will of the President Pro Tempore of the Senate; and
 - (iii) One (1) member shall be appointed by and serve at the will of the Speaker of the House of Representatives.
- (B) Members serving under subdivision (b)(7)(A) of this section may receive mileage reimbursement.

(c)

- (1) The Secretary of the Department of Human Services and one (1) legislative member shall serve as the cochairs of the Health and Economic Outcomes Accountability Oversight Advisory Panel and shall convene meetings quarterly of the advisory panel.
- (2) The legislative member who serves as the cochair shall be selected by majority vote of all legislative members serving on the advisory panel.
- (d)
- (1) The advisory panel shall review, make nonbinding recommendations, and provide advice concerning the proposed quality performance targets presented by the Department of Human Services for each participating individual qualified health insurance plan.

- (2) The advisory panel shall deliver all nonbinding recommendations to the Secretary of the Department of Human Services.
- (3)
- (A) The Secretary of the Department of Human Services, in consultation with the State Medicaid Director, shall determine all quality performance targets for each participating individual qualified health insurance plan.
- (B) The Secretary of the Department of Human Services may consider the nonbinding recommendations of the advisory panel when determining quality performance targets for each participating individual qualified health insurance plan.
- (e) The advisory panel shall review:
 - (1) The annual quality assessment and performance improvement strategic plan for each participating individual qualified health insurance plan;
 - (2) Financial performance of the Arkansas Health and Opportunity for Me Program against the budget neutrality targets in each demonstration year;
 - (3) Quarterly reports prepared by the Department of Human Services, in consultation with the Department of Commerce, on progress towards meeting economic independence outcomes and health improvement outcomes, including without limitation:
 - (A) Community bridge organization outcomes;
 - (B) Individual qualified health insurance plan health improvement outcomes;
 - (C) Economic independence initiative outcomes; and
 - (D) Any sanctions or penalties assessed on participating individual qualified health insurance plans;
 - (4) Quarterly reports prepared by the Department of Human Services on the Arkansas Health and Opportunity for Me Program, including without limitation:
 - (A) Eligibility and enrollment;
 - (B) Utilization;
 - (C) Premium and cost-sharing reduction costs; and
 - (D) Health insurer participation and competition; and
 - (5) Any other topics as requested by the Secretary of the Department of Human Services.

(f)

- (1) The advisory panel may furnish advice, gather information, make recommendations, and publish reports.
- (2) However, the advisory panel shall not administer any portion of the Arkansas Health and Opportunity for Me Program or set policy.
- (g) The Department of Human Services shall provide administrative support necessary for the advisory panel to perform its duties.
- (h) The Department of Human Services shall produce and submit a quarterly report incorporating the advisory panel's findings to the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the public on the progress in health and economic improvement resulting from the Arkansas Health and Opportunity for Me Program, including without limitation:
 - (1) Eligibility and enrollment;
 - (2) Participation in and the impact of the economic independence initiative and the health improvement initiative of the eligible individuals, health insurers, and community bridge organizations;
 - (3) Utilization of medical services;
 - (4) Premium and cost-sharing reduction costs; and
 - (5) Health insurer participation and completion.